

BED BUG

DESCRIPTION



Bed bugs are oval in shape with a flat body and a short, broad head. Shaped similar to an apple seed, adults are approximately 3/16" (6mm) long and range from brown (before feeding) to reddish brown (after feeding) in colour. The upper body surface is covered with short, golden hairs. Nymphs are shaped similar to the adults but are yellow-white in colour in the early stages then turn reddish brown. Bed bug eggs are white, approximately 1 mm long (1/25") and are nearly impossible to see on most surfaces. The female bed bug will lay approximately 200 eggs in her lifetime and will deposit them mostly into cracks and crevices as well as many other hidden locations. Eggs

will normally hatch within 10 to 14 days, depending on conditions. Adults can survive for up to 3 months without feeding. When the temperature falls below 16C/61F, adults enter semi-hibernation and can survive for months.

HABITS

Bed bugs harbour in cracks and crevices and come out of hiding to feed. Typically, they can be found around mattress seams and in bedding, box springs and their coverings, and also in any crack or crevice. Other places to check for bed bugs are picture frames, night stands, furniture, baseboards, floorboards, behind loose wallpaper, light switches, door/window frames, conduits, wall voids, attics and other enclosed places. Bed bugs are usually found near locations where you sleep.

They can be introduced into a structure via used furniture or in belongings of someone who has been living in a bed bug infested area. Due to people travelling more than ever, bed bugs are often transported via luggage and articles of clothing from hotels back to people's homes. Bed bug infestations have been found in transportation vehicles such as boats, trains, airplanes and buses as well as in movie theatres where they typically harbour in the seats and associated frames. Bed bugs do not indicate a lack of cleanliness.

In a heavy infestation an "obnoxiously sweet" odour that smells like crushed coriander emits from their scent glands, other primary clues to an infestation will be the presence of bedbugs and/or small red to reddish brown fecal spots on surfaces. Allergic reaction on the skin and itchy welts may be indicative as well; however, everyone reacts differently to the bites, some not at

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all. Bed bugs are not known to carry any human diseases. Keep a sample of the bug that is biting you, as the presence of bites alone do not indicate bed bugs.

CONTROL

A thorough inspection is crucial. Do not self treat! A licenced Pest Management Professional will treat any bed bugs found with an appropriately registered and labelled insecticide. Mattress and box spring encasements are recommended. In apartment buildings and hotels, it's advisable to also inspect units to either side and above, below, and around the infested unit and treat as required.

Control of bed bugs involves co-operation with home owners and/or tenants. Depending on the size of infestations found, multiple treatments may be needed. A Pest Management Professional will treat cracks and crevices, night stands, baseboards, floorboards, door and window frames, behind loose wallpaper, stuffed furniture, attics and other enclosed places, with properly labelled residual insecticide. Use insecticide dust in wall voids, light switches, conduits and under carpet seams.

Heat has the highest success rate in eliminating all life stages of bed bugs. Clothes or bedding that may be contaminated with bed bugs should be put in the dryer at the highest temperature setting for a minimum of 20 minutes.

Vacuums are a great way to physically remove bed bugs and their eggs from an area. Be sure to vacuum all cracks and crevices where bed bugs hide. When finished vacuuming immediately throw away the vacuum bag to an outdoor garbage can and clean out the vacuum hose/cannister.

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